

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN**

WILLIAM J. SANDERS,

Petitioner,

v.

WARDEN MICHAEL GIERACH,

Respondent.

Case No. 23-CV-916-JPS

**ORDER**

On July 10, 2023, Petitioner William J. Sanders filed a petition for a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. ECF No. 1. On August 21, 2023, Magistrate Judge William E. Duffin issued a recommendation to this Court that this action be dismissed without prejudice for the failure to exhaust his state remedies. ECF No. 5. The time for objecting to the recommendation has passed and no objection has been received. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 72; Gen. L.R. 72(c).

The Court has considered the recommendation and, in light of its agreement with Magistrate Judge Duffin's analysis and without objection from Petitioner, will adopt it.

Under Rule 11(a) of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases, "the district court must issue or deny a certificate of appealability when it enters a final order adverse to the applicant." To obtain a certificate of appealability under 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2), Petitioner must make a "substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right" by establishing that "reasonable jurists could debate whether (or, for that matter, agree that) the petition should have been resolved in a different manner or that the issues presented were adequate to deserve encouragement to proceed

further.” *Miller-El v. Cockrell*, 537 U.S. 322, 336 (2003) (internal citations omitted). No reasonable jurists could debate whether Petitioner is entitled to relief. As a consequence, the Court is compelled to deny a certificate of appealability as to the petition.

Accordingly,

**IT IS ORDERED** that Magistrate Judge William E. Duffin’s report and recommendation, ECF No. 5, be and the same is hereby **ADOPTED**;

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that Petitioner’s petition for a writ of habeas corpus, ECF No. 1, be and the same is hereby **DENIED without prejudice**;

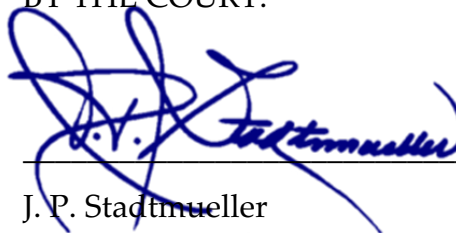
**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that this action be and the same is hereby **DISMISSED without prejudice** for failure to exhaust; and

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that a certificate of appealability be and the same is hereby **DENIED**.

The Clerk of the Court is directed to enter judgment accordingly.

Dated at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, this 20th day of September, 2023.

BY THE COURT:

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "J.P. Stadtmueller", is written over a horizontal line.

J. P. Stadtmueller  
U.S. District Judge

This Order and the judgment to follow are final. A dissatisfied party may appeal this Court's decision to the Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit by filing in this Court a notice of appeal within **thirty (30)** days of the entry of judgment. See Fed. R. App. P. 3, 4. This Court may extend this deadline if a party timely requests an extension and shows good cause or excusable neglect for not being able to meet the thirty-day deadline. See Fed. R. App. P. 4(a)(5)(A). Moreover, under certain circumstances, a party may ask this Court to alter or amend its judgment under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 59(e) or ask for relief from judgment under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60(b). Any motion under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 59(e) must be filed within **twenty-eight (28)** days of the entry of judgment. The Court cannot extend this deadline. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 6(b)(2). Any motion under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 60(b) must be filed within a reasonable time, generally no more than one year after the entry of the judgment. The Court cannot extend this deadline. See *id.* A party is expected to closely review all applicable rules and determine what, if any, further action is appropriate in a case.